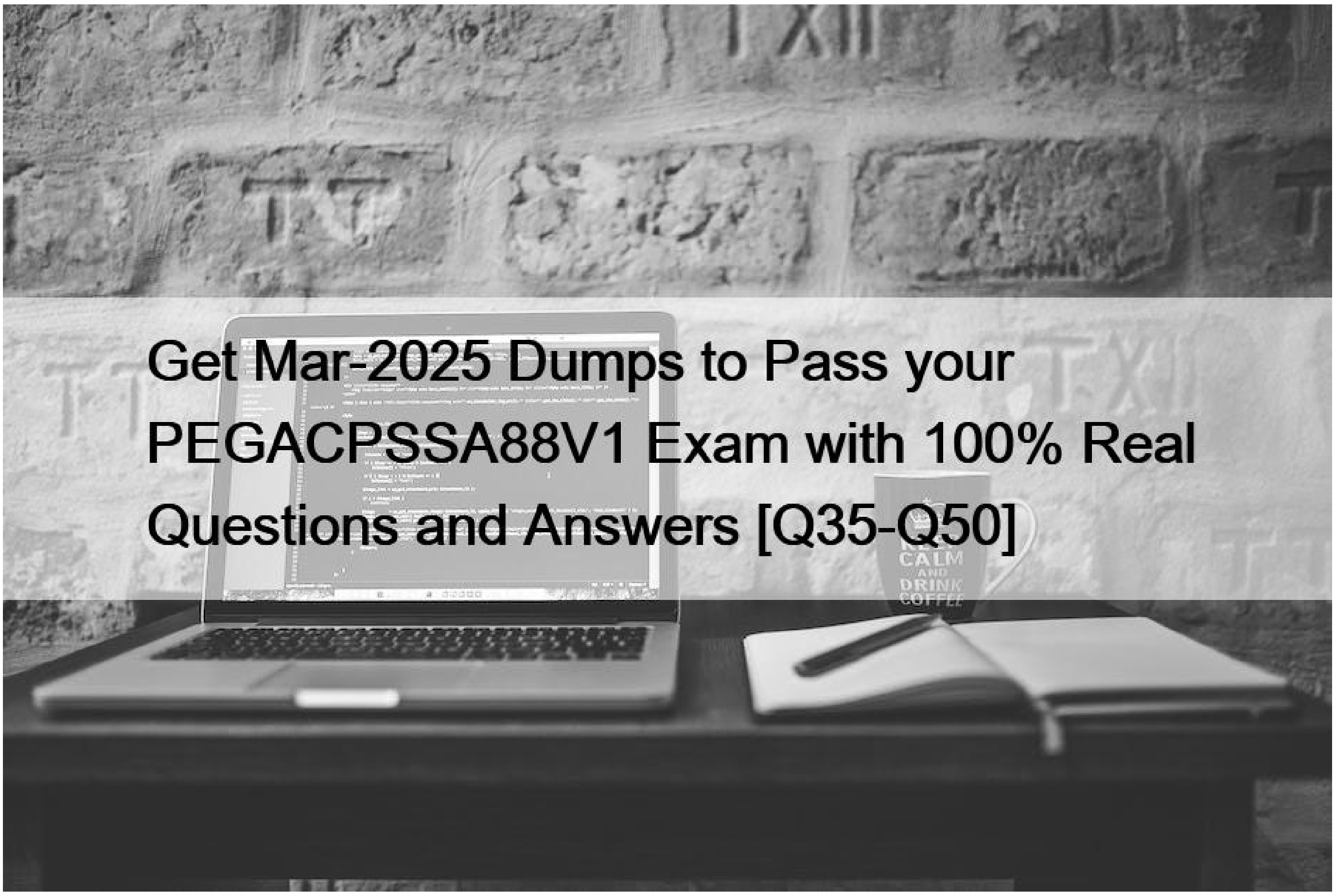
Get Mar-2025 Dumps to Pass your PEGACPSSA88V1 Exam with 100% Real Questions and Answers [Q35-Q50

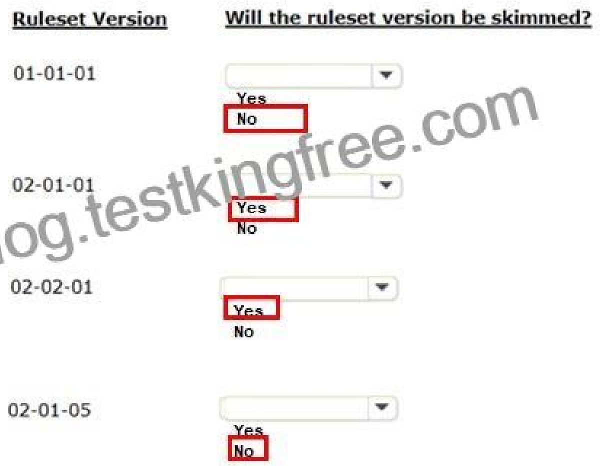


Get Mar-2025 Dumps to Pass your PEGACPSSA88V1 Exam with 100% Real Questions and Answers Updated Exam PEGACPSSA88V1 Dumps with New Questions Q35. Which two methods allow you to identify the Pega Platform application type? (Choose Two)
* View the Settings tab of the case designer.
* View the Application layers widget for the ruleset stack.
* View the Application definition rule.
* View the portals used by the application.

The application type can often be identified by viewing the Application layers widget for the ruleset stack, which gives an overview of how the application is structured, and by viewing the Application definition rule, which provides detailed information about the application,s setup and its components. Pega Platform Help – Application Layers.

Q36. The current version of an application lists ABC:02-02 as an application ruleset. The ruleset versions listed in the Answer Area are also present on the system.

In the Answer Area, identify the ruleset versions that the skim operation considers when you perform a major version ruleset skim on ruleset ABC.



Q37. A data page is used to retrieve data from an external system. If an error occurs, you want to display a message to the user and send an email to the system administrator.

How do you implement this requirement?
* Configure an activity,s input source as the error message and the output as an email.
* Configure an error handling process that displays the error message and sends an email.
* Reuse the out-of-the-box ConnectionProblem error handling flow on the Service tab for the connector.
* Create an error handler data transform that adds an error message to the data page and sends an email.

The requirement is to handle an error when it occurs and perform two actions: display a message to the user and send an email to the administrator. This can be done by configuring an error handling process that encapsulates both actions. Typically, this would involve configuring a flow or an activity that runs when an error occurs, and it would handle both displaying the error message to the user and sending the email. Pega Platform Help – Error Handling.

Q38. What is the purpose of the Policy Verification landing page when configuring a security solution in Pega Platform?
* To test if a user has the required access to a case
* To manually authenticate a specific user on an integrated external database
* To test if a user,s channel-specific password meets defined property requirements
* To configure mapping of access control attributes

The purpose of the Policy Verification landing page in Pega Platform is to test if a user has the required access to a case (A). This tool allows administrators and developers to verify access control policies by simulating how the policies would apply to different users, ensuring that the security configurations align with the application,s requirements and that users have appropriate access levels to cases and data.Pega Community documentation on security policies and Policy Verification tool.

Q39. Which two value types can be used in an Application Setting when modifying values for each production level? (Choose Two)
* Data transform
* Text
* Picklist
* Class

In Application Settings, you can specify different values for production levels using text (e.g., URLs, file paths) or picklists (for selecting from predefined options). These settings allow for easy adjustment of values according to the environment the application is running in. Pega Platform Help – Application Settings.

Q40. You have a requirement to associate users in different units to the same work queue.

How do you implement this requirement?
* Associate the users to a common work group. Then associate a work queue to the work group.
* Associate the users to a common work group. Then associate the work group to the appropriate units.
* Associate the users to a common unit. Then associate a work queue to the common unit.
* Associate the users to a common work queue. Then associate the work queue to the appropriate units.

To implement the requirement of associating users in different units to the same work queue, you associate the users to a common work group and then associate a work queue to that work group. This allows users from different units, who are part of the same work group, to access the same work queue. Pega official documentation on work groups and work queues.

Q41. Which two tasks are required to build a mobile app from a Pega Platform application? (Choose Two)
* Create a certificate set.
* Configure access to the Pega Mobile Build Server.
* Configure access to Dev Studio.
* Set up push notifications to developers.

Building a mobile app from a Pega Platform application requires configuring certain key components for security and connectivity. Creating a certificate set (A) is essential for securing the app, ensuring that communications between the mobile app and the server are encrypted and authenticated. Configuring access to the Pega Mobile Build Server (B) is necessary for the app build and distribution process, allowing the Pega application to package and deploy mobile apps through Pega,s cloud-based build service.Pega Community documentation on mobile app development and deployment.

Q42. A company with multiple applications spanning different business units wants to send a standard confirmation email to customers whenever a case is created.

Which is the appropriate layer of the Enterprise Class Structure (ECS) for the email correspondence?
* Unit
* Organization
* Implementation
* Division

In Pega,s Enterprise Class Structure (ECS), standard functionalities that are shared across multiple applications within an organization, such as sending a confirmation email, should be placed at the Organization layer. This allows for reusability and standardization across various implementations within the organization. Pega best practices for class design and ECS.

Q43. Teams X and Y work on different enhancements in the same ruleset. The release date for each enhancement is uncertain.

Which two options, when performed together, allow each team to keep its work separate? (Choose Two)
* Create a new ruleset version for one of the teams.

* Create a branch ruleset for each team.
* Apply privileges to the rules each team configures.
* Create access groups for each of the teams.

When two teams work on different enhancements within the same ruleset and wish to keep their work separate, the best practice is to create a new ruleset version for one of the teams and to use branch rulesets for each team. This allows for parallel development without interference, and the teams can merge their work back into the main ruleset when they,re ready. Pega best practices for parallel development.

Q44. An assignment service-level agreement (SLA) is configured with the following details:

* Initial urgency: 20

* Assignment ready: Timed delay of 2 hours

* Goal: 5 hours and increase urgency by 10

* Deadline: 2 hours and increase urgency by 25

* Passed deadline: 1 hour, increase urgency by 5, and limit events to 6 The case reaches the assignment at 9 AM on Wednesday.

Assuming no other urgency adjustments, what is the assignment urgency 6.5 hours after the case reaches the assignment?
* 85
* 95
* 75
* 80

The assignment urgency 6.5 hours after the case reaches the assignment with the given SLA configuration would be 95 (B). Here,s the calculation: The initial urgency is 20. The case reaches the goal after 5 hours, adding 10 to the urgency, making it 30. Since the deadline is at 2 hours and has been exceeded by 4.5 hours, the urgency increases by 25, making it 55. Now, with the passed deadline events occurring every hour and increasing urgency by 5, after 1.5 hours, this would occur 1 additional time (since it,s half an hour into the next hour), adding 5 to the urgency. Therefore, the total urgency after 6.5 hours is 20 (initial) + 10 (goal) + 25 (deadline) + 5 (passed deadline event) = 60. However, since the deadline urgency increase occurs at the 2-hour mark, the urgency would be 20 + 25 = 45 at 2 hours, and then after reaching the goal at 5 hours, additional 10 is added, making it 55, and then one passed deadline event adds 5 more, making the total 60. Since the deadline urgency is already accounted for at the 2-hour mark, it should not be added again after the goal. Therefore, the correct total urgency would be 20 (initial) + 10 (goal) + 25 (deadline) + 40 (8 passed deadline events) = 95.Pega Community documentation on SLAs and urgency calculation.

Q45. Which two configurations are required when adding a Split for Each shape to your case life cycle? (Choose Two)
* Enter a rule that stores the audit note that you want to include in the subprocess
* Define when the parent process resumes processing
* Enter the Page List or Page Group property that is the basis of the split
* Enable users to get back to the subprocess after the case moves forward

B: When adding a Split For Each shape to your case life cycle, you need to define when the parent process resumes processing. This can be after each iteration or after all iterations complete.

C: You also need to specify the Page List or Page Group property that the split will iterate over. This determines the scope of the subprocesses that are to be created. Pega official documentation on case life cycle design.

Q46. Several development teams work on different enhancements. The release date for each enhancement is uncertain. Which two options, when performed together, allow each team to keep its work separate? (Choose Two)
* Create a new application for each team.

* Create a new ruleset version for each team.
* Set up a branch ruleset for each team.
* Create a production ruleset for each team.

Creating a new ruleset version for each team ensures that each team,s work is isolated within a specific version, preventing overlap and conflict. Setting up a branch ruleset for each team further isolates development work, allowing parallel development streams that can later be merged back into the main application ruleset. These two options, when used together, provide the most flexibility for teams working on separate enhancements with uncertain release dates. Pega Platform Help – Branch Rulesets.

Q47. In which example would you use the application settings feature?

* A data page is available across multiple user sessions and is updated once a day.
* An IT service application stores a list of operating systems using a Pega system of record.
* A weather service application points to a web service for weather data.
* A manager can update the price of a service without a developer editing the application.

Application settings are used to point to external resources that can change without requiring changes to the application code. For example, a weather service application might use application settings to specify the URL of a web service for weather data. Pega Platform Help – Application Settings.

Q48. A city resident can report potholes to the Department of Transportation by logging in to a mobile Pega Platform application that utilizes the Pega API.

Which two Pega API interactions do you use to facilitate this?

* Submit the report using POST/cases
* Access the related case type to report using GET/casetypes
* Update the report using GET/cases
* Log into the application using PUT/authenticate

To report potholes through a mobile application using the Pega API, the POST/cases method would be used to submit the report case, and the GET/casetypes method would be used to access the related case type to ensure the correct case type is used for the report. Pega Platform API Guide.

Q49. Which two configurations can you use to include access groups into your Product rule?

* Export the access groups using the Access Manager.
* Add the access groups to the application record.
* Add the access group to the Product record in the Individual instances to include section.
* Associate the access groups with a ruleset included in the application.

To include access groups in your Product rule, you can add the access groups to the application record, which incorporates all the necessary rules for the application. Additionally, you can add the access group directly to the Product rule in the ,Individual instances to include, section, which allows you to specify individual rules and data instances that the Product rule should include. Pega Platform Help – Creating a Product rule.

Q50. An application includes the following set of circumstanced instances of a decision table.

Class	Ruleset	Version	Circumstance
MyCo-AccountManage-Work-AccountOpen	AccountManage	01-01-01	None
MyCo-AccountManage-Work-AccountOpen	AccountManage	01-01-05	.Status="Silver"
MyCo-AccountManage-Work-AccountOpen	AccountManage	01-01-05	.Status="Gold"
MyCo-AccountManage-Work-AccountOpen	AccountManage	01-01-15	.Status="Platinum"
MyCo-AccountManage-Work-AccountOpen	AccountManage	01-01-15	.Status="Silver"

You update the application and increment the AccountManage ruleset version to 01-02-01. As part of this update, the circumstance .Status=”Silver” is no longer needed by the application.

How do you implement this change?
* Create a new version of the circumstanced decision table in AccountManage:01-02-01 and select the Base rule option.
* Create a new version of the circumstanced decision table in AccountManage:01-02-01 and set the availability of the rule to Withdrawn.
* Create a new version of the circumstanced decision table in AccountManage:01-02-01 and set the availability of the rule to Blocked.
* Do nothing. Rule resolution does not consider rules in a lower minor version of a ruleset.